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"a" can be answered because you can find the change in momentum

$$J = \Delta p$$

$$J = mv_f - mv_i$$

$$J = (1000)(0) - (1000)(20)$$

$$J = -20,000 \text{ kgm/s}$$

"b" cannot be solved because the problem does not give time

$$J = Ft$$

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$$J = \Delta p \quad J = Ft$$

$$\Delta p = Ft$$

$$mv_f - mv_i = Ft$$

$$(1000)(0) - (1000)(20) = F(10)$$

$$-20000 = 10 F$$

$$\boxed{-2000 \text{ N} = F}$$

$$\textcircled{35} \quad \begin{array}{c} \circ \rightarrow \\ \leftarrow \circ \end{array} \quad |$$

a) $p = mv$

$$p = (8)(-2)$$

$$p = -16 \text{ kg m/s}$$

b) $\Delta p = mv_f - mv_i$

$$\Delta p = (8)(-2) - (8)(2)$$

$$\Delta p = -16 - 16$$

$$\Delta p = -32 \text{ kg m/s}$$

c) $J = \Delta p \quad J = Ft$

$$\Delta p = Ft$$

$$-32 = F(.5)$$

$$-64 \text{ N} = F$$

d) in problem 19 the Force is half as much. Less force is required to stop an object than to have the object bounce.

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$$m_A v_A + m_B v_B = (m_A + m_B) v_{A+B}$$

$$m_A = \text{engine} \quad m_B = \text{car}$$

$$m_A = 4m_B$$

$$4m_B(5) + m_B(0) = (4m_B + m_B)v_{A+B}$$

$$20m_B + 0 = 5m_B v_{A+B}$$

$$\frac{20 \text{ m/s}}{5 \text{ m/s}} = v_{A+B}$$

$$4 \text{ km/h} = v_{A+B}$$

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$$m_A v_A + m_B v_B = (m_A + m_B) v_{A+B}$$

$$a) \quad (5)(1) + (1)(0) = (5+1) v_{A+B}$$

$$5 + 0 = 6 v_{A+B}'$$

$$\boxed{.833 \text{ m/s}} = \frac{5}{6} = v_{A+B}'$$

$$b) \quad m_A v_A + m_B v_B = (m_A + m_B) v_{A+B}'$$

$$(5)(1) + (1)(-4) = (5+1) v_{A+B}'$$

$$5 - 4 = 6 v_{A+B}'$$

$$1 = 6 v_{A+B}'$$

$$\boxed{.167 \text{ m/s}} = \frac{1}{6} = v_{A+B}'$$

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$$m_A v_A + m_B v_B = (m_A + m_B) v_{A+B}$$

$$m_A = \text{superman} \quad m_B = \text{asteroid}$$

$$1000 m_A = m_B$$

$$m_A v_A + (1000 m_A) v_B = (m_A + 1000 m_A) v_{A+B}$$

$$m_A v_A + 1000 m_A (100) = 1001 m_A v_{A+B} \quad (0)$$

$$m_A v_A + 100000 m_A = 0$$

$$m_A v_A = -100000 m_A$$

$$v_A = -100000 \text{ m/s}$$

~~100000~~

-100000 m/s	$ $	1 km	$ $	1 mile	$ $	3600 sec
\times		1000 m		1.61 km		1 hr

$$223602.48 \text{ miles per hour}$$