

Name: Answer Key Period: _____ Date: _____

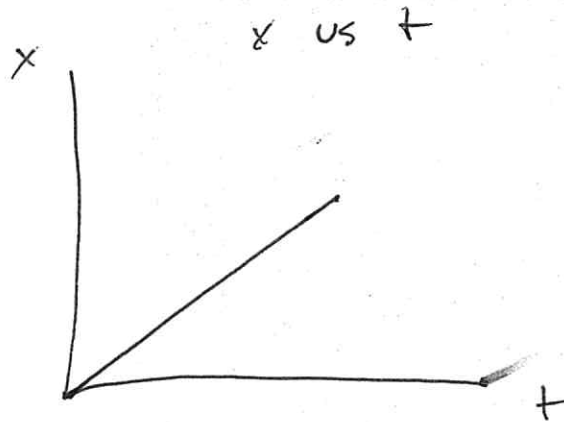
Standards: P.D.01 _____ P.D.02 _____ P.D.03 _____ P.D.04 _____ P.D.05 _____

P.D.06 _____ P.D.07 _____ P.D.14 _____ P.D.15 _____ P.D.17 _____ P.D.19 _____

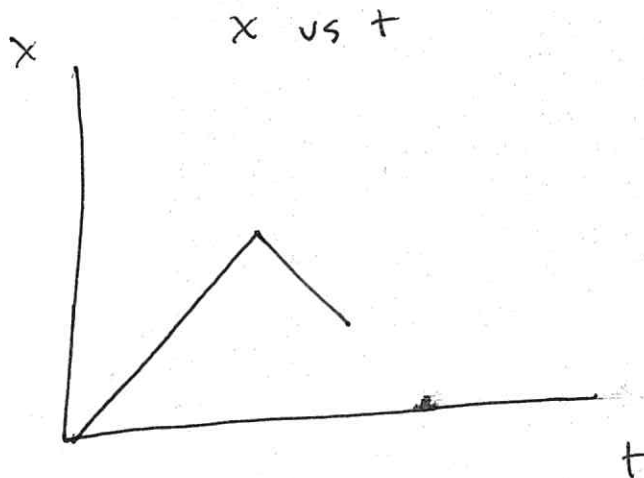
G.D.67 _____

Unit 1 Test

1. Draw a position vs. time graph where the distance and displacement are the same. P.D.01



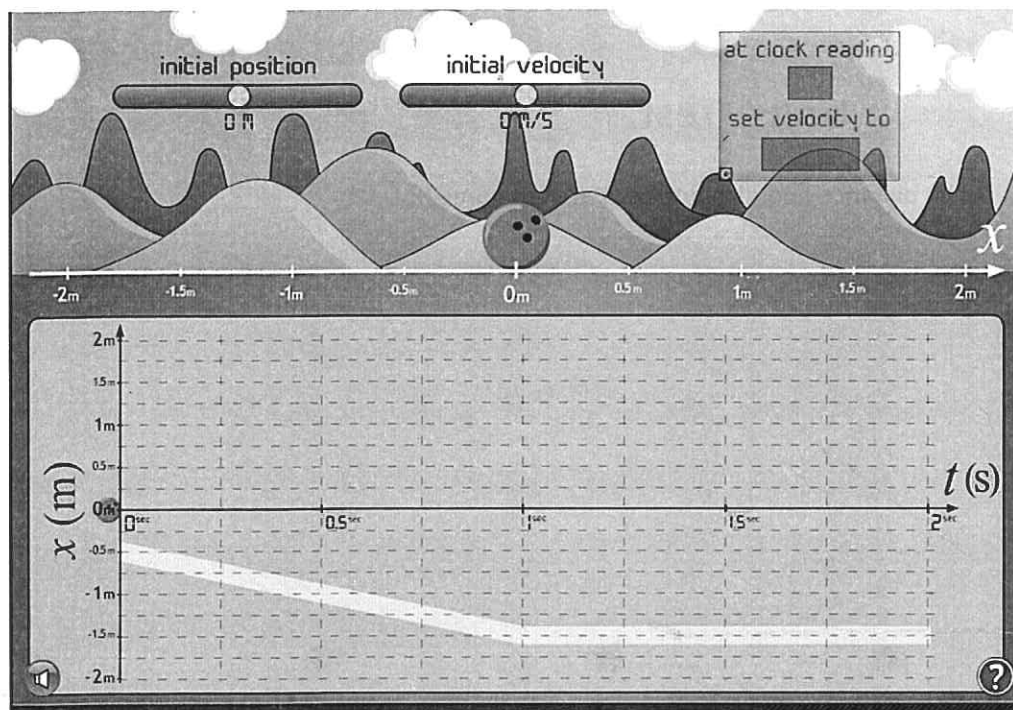
2. Draw a position vs. time graph where the distance and displacement are **different**. P.D.01



P.D.01	
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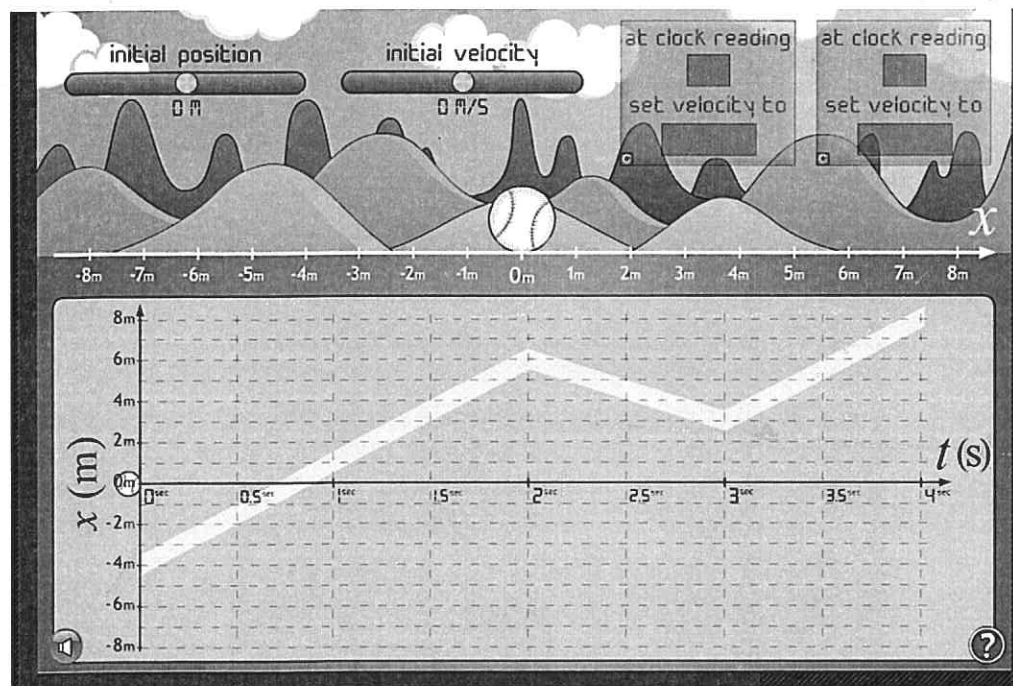
3. What values will make the graph below work? Fill in the blanks. P.D.02

Initial Position: -1.5 m At Clock Reading: 1 sec
Initial Velocity: -1 m/s Set Velocity to: 0 m/s



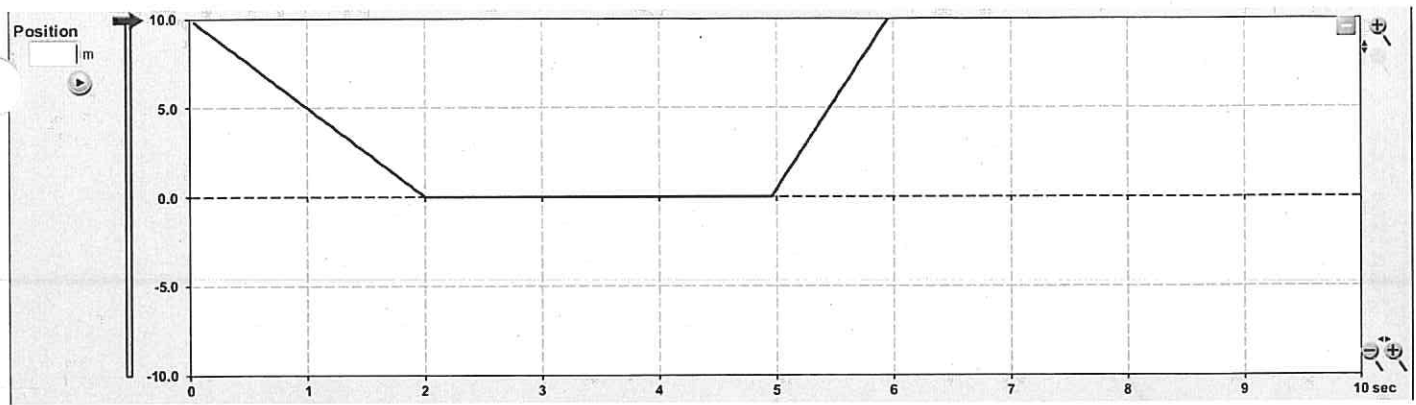
4. What values will make the graph below work? Fill in the blanks. P.D.02

Initial Position: -4 m At Clock Reading: 2 sec At Clock Reading: 3 sec
Initial Velocity: 5 m/s Set Velocity to: -3 m/s Set Velocity to: 5 m/s

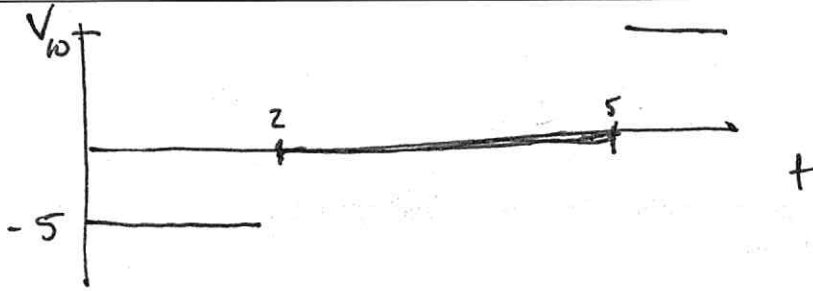


P.D.02

5. For the position vs. time graph below: P.D.03



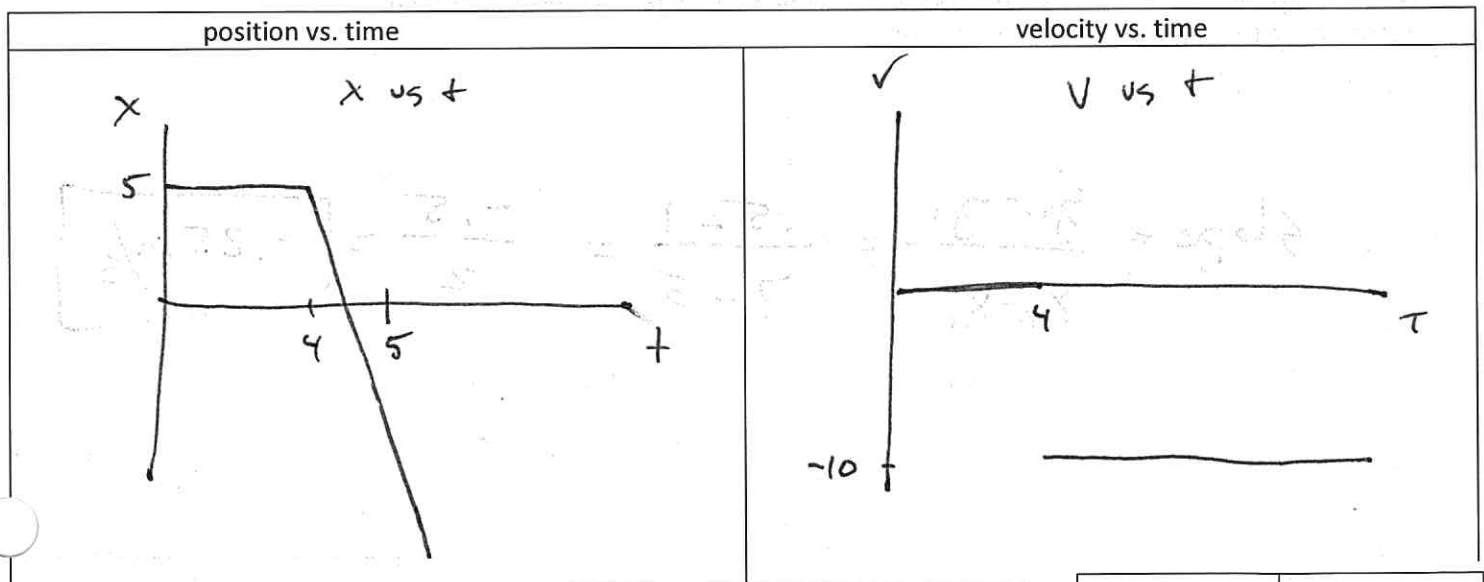
Draw the corresponding velocity vs time graph below.



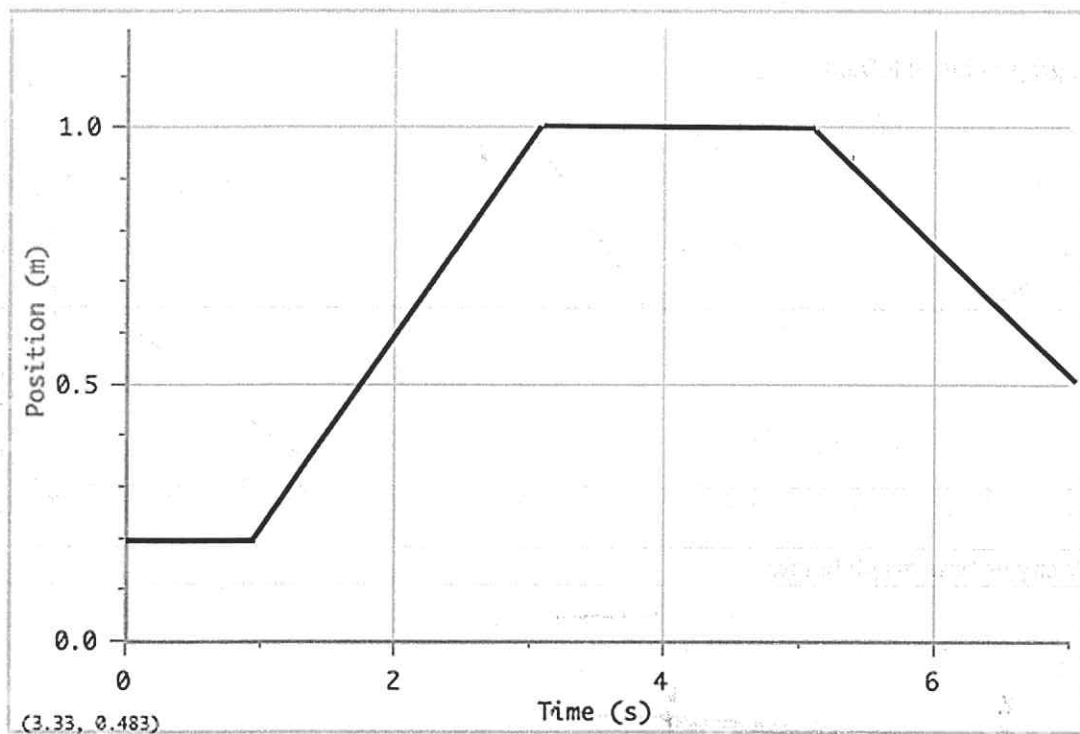
In words, describe the motion of the object.

- Starts at 10 m
- Go -5 m/s for 2 sec
- Stops for 3 sec
- Go 10 m/s for 1 sec

6. For following written description, draw the corresponding position vs. time and velocity vs. time graphs: P.D.03
An object stays at rest at the position of 5 meters for 4 seconds. It then travels with a velocity of -10 m/s for 15 seconds.



P.D.03

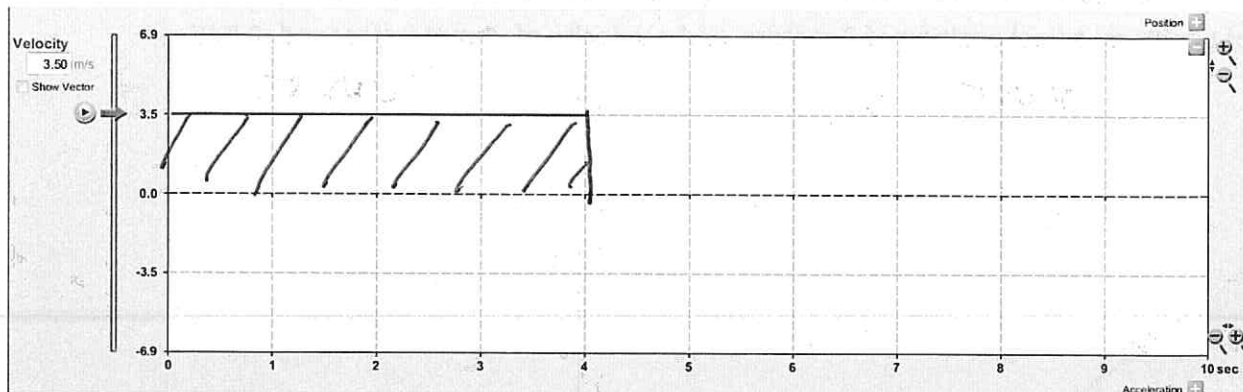


7. For the graph above, determine the velocity of the object between 1-3 seconds. P.D.04
SHOW ALL OF YOUR WORK FOR FULL CREDIT.

$$\text{slope} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{1 - .2}{3 - 1} = \frac{.8}{2} = \boxed{.4 \text{ m/s}}$$

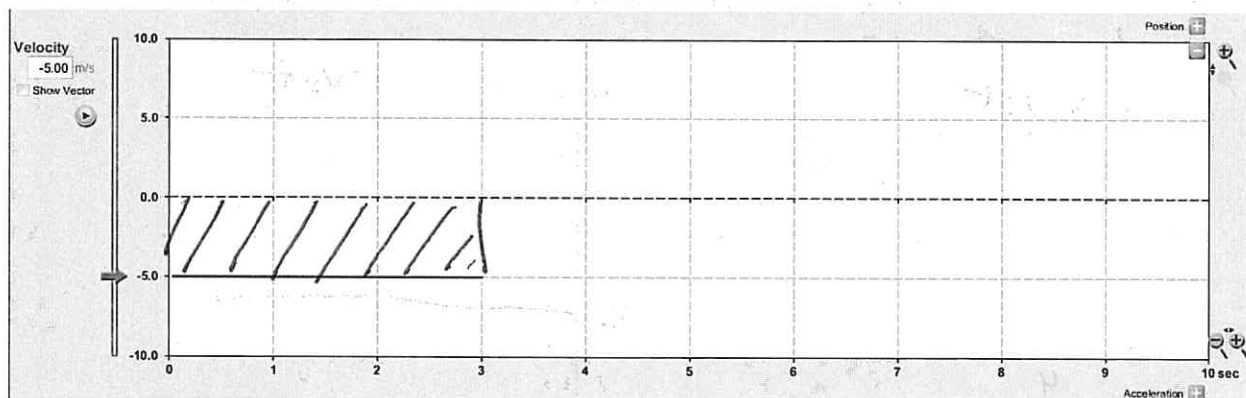
8. For the graph above, determine the velocity of the object between 5-7 seconds. P.D.04
SHOW ALL OF YOUR WORK FOR FULL CREDIT.

$$\text{slope} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{.5 - 1}{7 - 5} = \frac{-.5}{2} = \boxed{-.25 \text{ m/s}}$$



9. Based on the v vs t graph above, what is the final position of the moving man? P.D.05

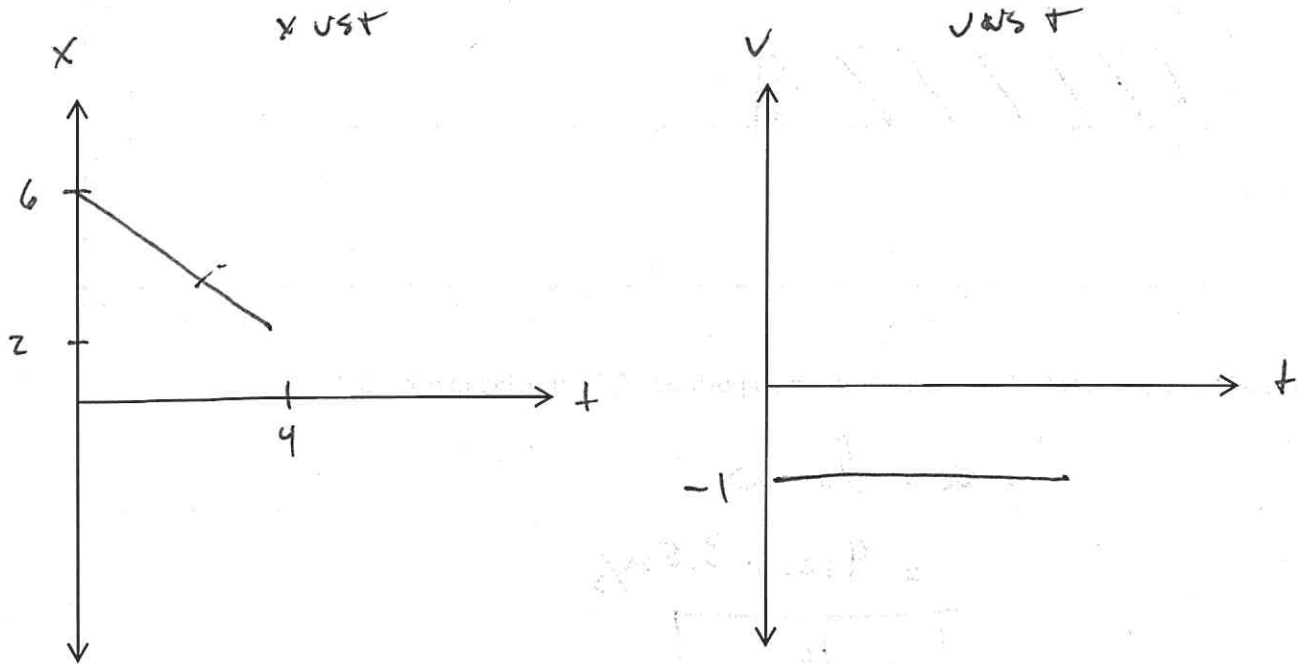
$$\begin{aligned}
 a &= l \times w \\
 &= 4 \text{ sec} \times 3.5 \text{ m/s} \\
 &= 14 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$



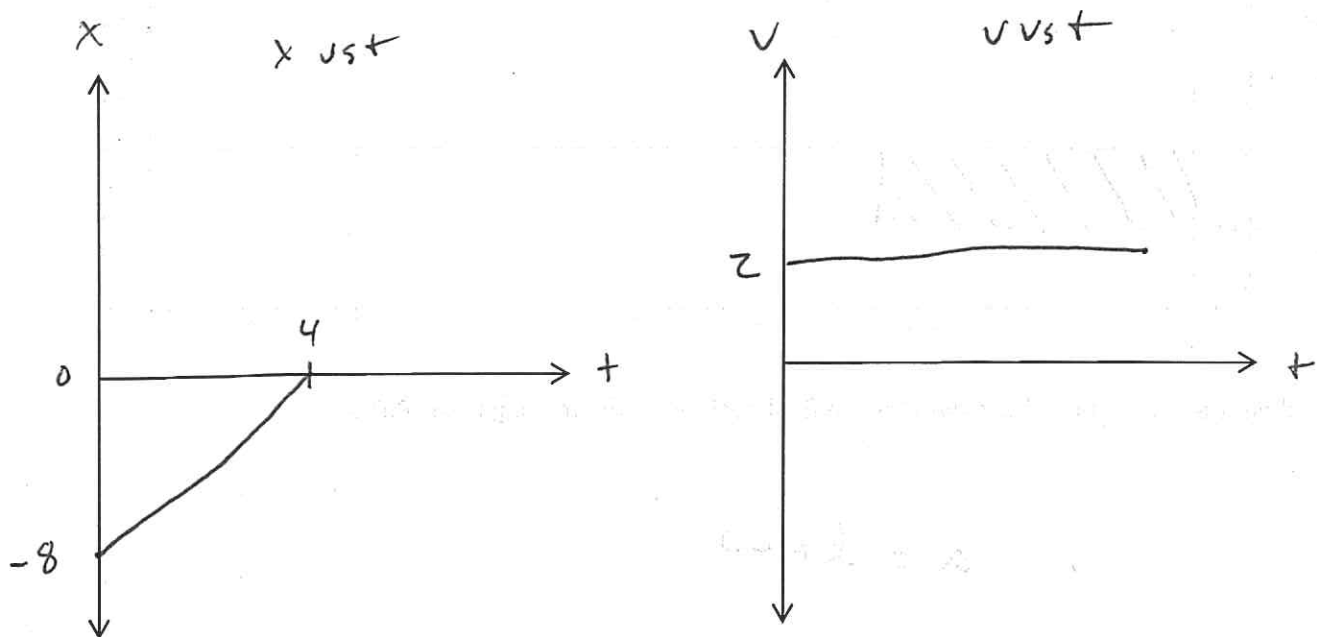
10. Based on the v vs t graph above, what is the final position of the moving man? P.D.05

$$\begin{aligned}
 a &= l \times w \\
 &= 3 \text{ sec} \times -5 \text{ m/s} \\
 &= -15 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

11. Create a x vs t (position vs time) graph and a v vs t (velocity vs time) graph for an object with an initial position of 6 meters, a final position of 2 meters, and a velocity of -1 meters/second. P.D.06



12. Create a x vs t (position vs time) graph and a v vs t (velocity vs time) graph for an object with an initial position of -8 meters, a final position of 0 meters, and a velocity of 2 meters/second. P.D.06



13. A deer runs at a constant velocity of 5 m/s North. How far can the deer run in 15 seconds? Express your final answer in centimeters. Show all of your work for full credit. P.D.07, P.G.67

$$V = 5 \text{ m/s} \quad V = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{t}$$

$$x_1 = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$x_2 = ?$$

$$t = 15 \text{ sec}$$

$$5 = \frac{x_2 - 0}{15}$$

$$\boxed{75 \text{ m} = x_2} \text{ P.D.07}$$

$$\frac{75 \text{ m} \times 100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}} = \boxed{7500 \text{ cm}} \text{ P.G.67}$$

14. A car travels 250 km South on a straight road for 10 hours. What is its velocity? Express your answer in m/s. Show all of your work for full credit. P.D.07, P.G.67

$$V = ?$$

$$x_1 = 0 \text{ km}$$

$$x_2 = 250 \text{ km}$$

$$t = 10 \text{ hr}$$

$$V = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{t}$$

$$V = \frac{250 - 0}{10}$$

$$\boxed{V = 25 \text{ km/hr}} \text{ P.D.07}$$

$$\frac{25 \text{ km/hr}}{3.6 \text{ km/hr}} = \frac{1 \text{ m/s}}{3.6 \text{ km/hr}}$$

$$\boxed{6.94 \text{ m/s}} \text{ P.G.67}$$

15. In your own words- describe what velocity is and give an example: P.D.14

- change in position over time

- speed w/ direction

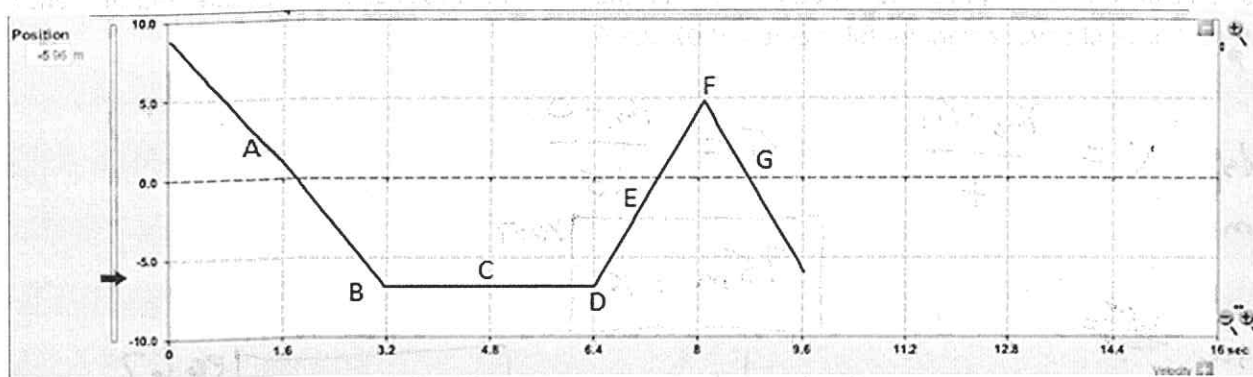
16. In your own word- describe what acceleration is and give an example: P.D.14

- change in velocity over time

P.D.07

P.G.67

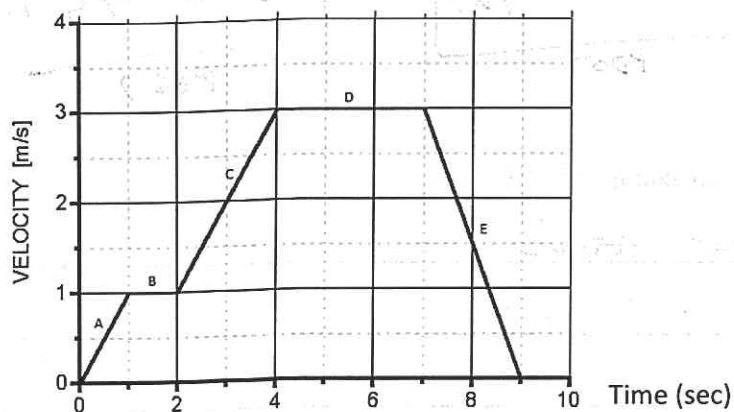
P.D.14



17. From the Position vs. Time graph above indicate where the velocity was constant or changing. P.D.15

A: constant
 B: changing
 C: constant
 D: changing
 E: constant
 F: changing
 G: constant

4 - 7/7
 3 - 6/7
 2 - 5/7 - 4/7
 1 - 3/7



18. From the Velocity vs. Time graph above indicate where the acceleration was positive, negative, or zero. P.D.17

A: positive
 B: zero
 C: positive
 D: zero
 E: negative

5/5 - 4
 4/5 - 3
 3/5 - 2
 2/5 - 1

P.D.15	
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P.D.17	
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19. Jeremy is riding his bike down a straight road at 3 m/s when he accelerates at a constant rate for 5 seconds until he reaches a velocity of 6 m/s. What is his acceleration? Show all of your work for full credit. P.D.19

$$x_1 = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$x_2 = ?$$

$$v_1 = 3 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2 = 6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = ?$$

$$t = 5 \text{ sec}$$

$$v_2 = v_1 + at$$

$$6 = 3 + a(5)$$

$$3 = 5a$$

$$\boxed{.6 \text{ m/s}^2 = a}$$

20. A car moving at 18 m/s accelerates at -2.5 m/s^2 as it approaches a stop sign. How long does it take the car to come to a complete stop? Show all of your work for full credit. P.D.19

$$x_1 = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$x_2 = ?$$

$$v_1 = 18 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2 = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = -2.5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t = ?$$

$$v_2 = v_1 + at$$

$$0 = 18 + (-2.5)t$$

$$-18 = -2.5t$$

$$\boxed{7.2 \text{ sec} = t}$$

